Supporting Information

A High-Affinity ^{64}Cu-Labeled Ligand for PET Imaging of Hepsin: Design, Synthesis, and Characterization

Ji-Hun Park,[1] Xuran Zhang,[1] Hyunsoo Ha,[2] Jung Young Kim,[3] Joon Young Choi,[1] Kyung-Han Lee,[1,4] Youngjoo Byun,[2] and Yearn Seong Choe[1,4,*]

1 Department of Nuclear Medicine, Samsung Medical Center, Sungkyunkwan University School of Medicine, Seoul 06351, Korea

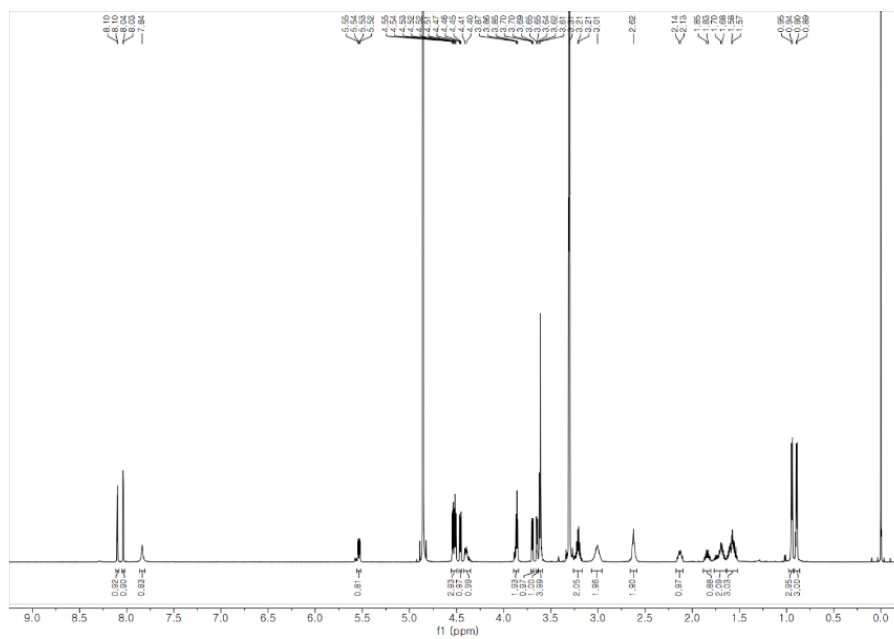2 College of Pharmacy, Korea University, Sejong 30019, Korea

3 Division of Applied RI, Korea Institute of Radiological and Medical Sciences, Seoul 01812, Korea

4 Department of Health Sciences and Technology, SAIHST, Sungkyunkwan University, Seoul 06355, Korea
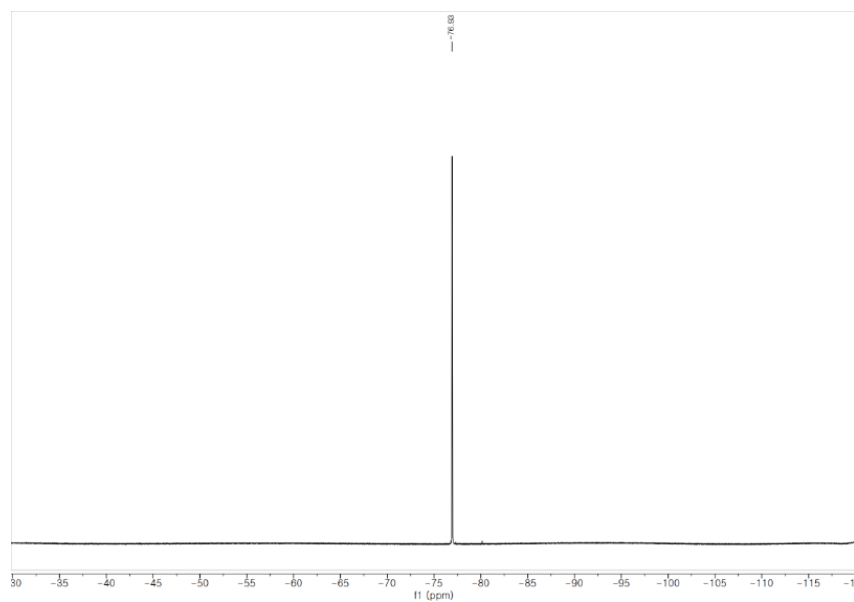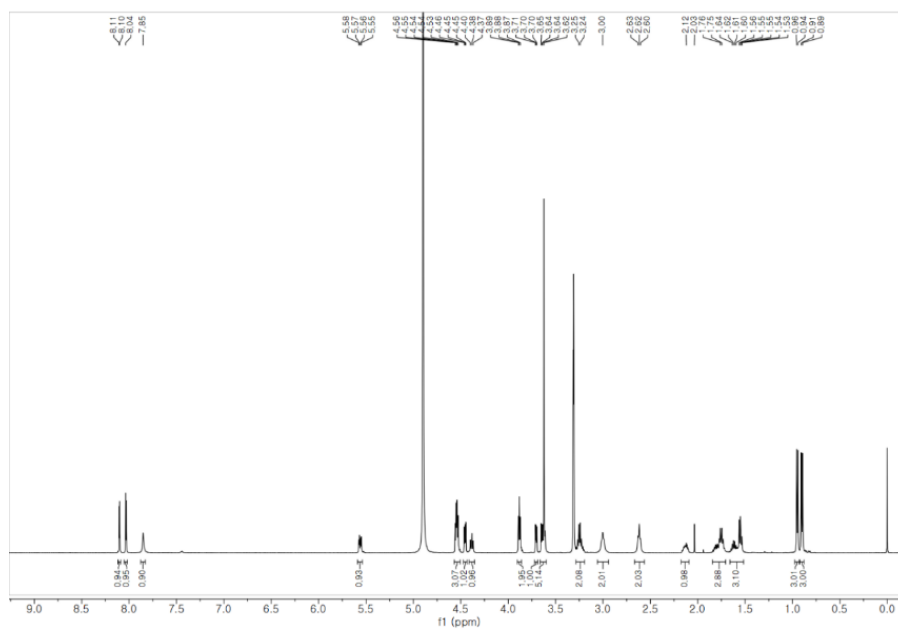
Contents:

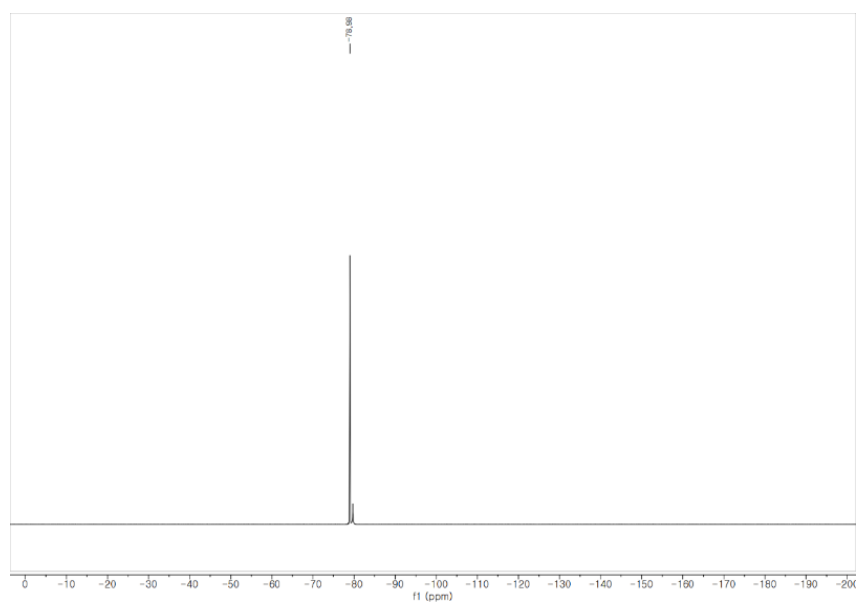# ^{1}H and ^{19}F NMR spectra of 1A and 1B

^{1}H NMR spectrum of ligand **1A**

^{19}F NMR spectrum of ligand **1A**
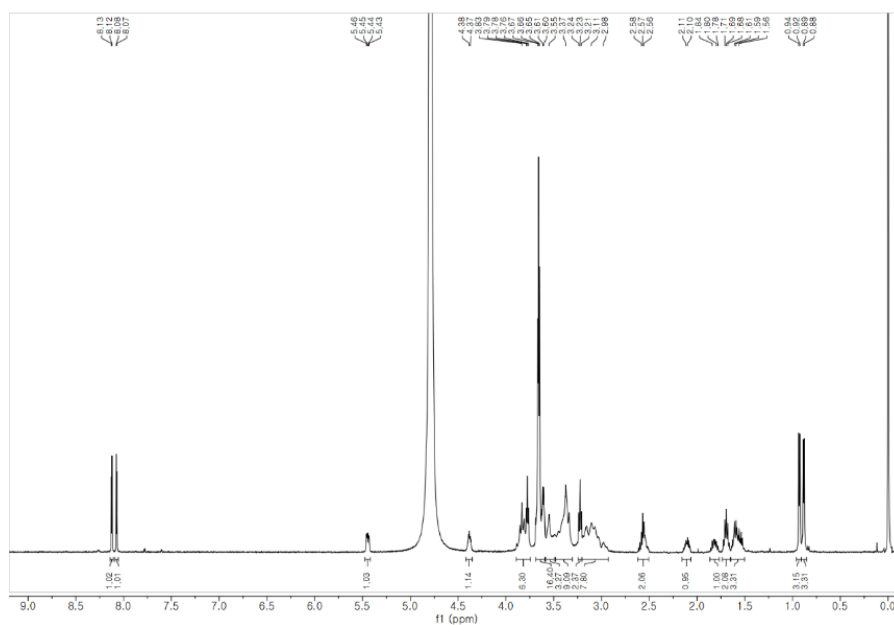
^{1}H NMR spectrum of ligand **1B**

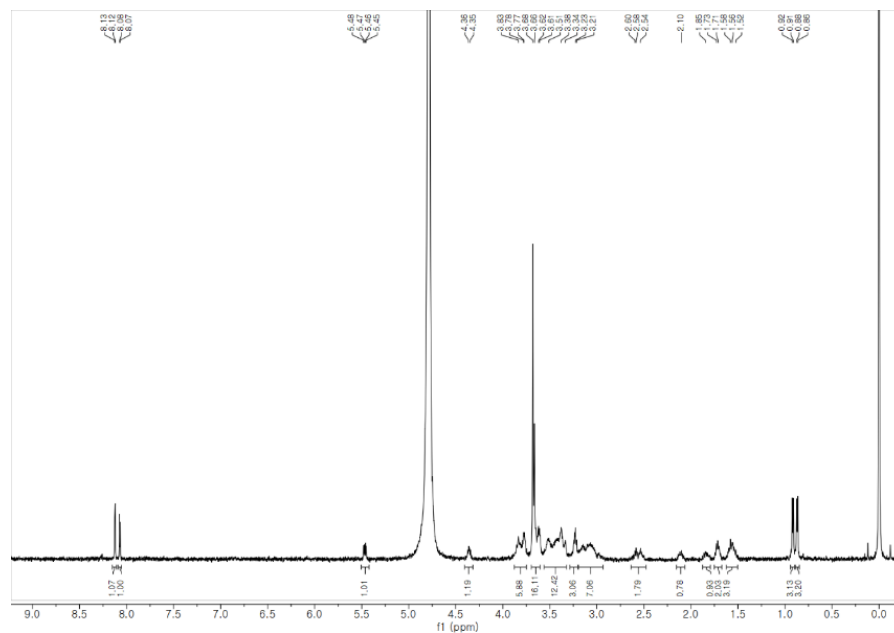^{19}F NMR spectrum of ligand **1B**

¹H NMR spectra of **11A** and **11B**
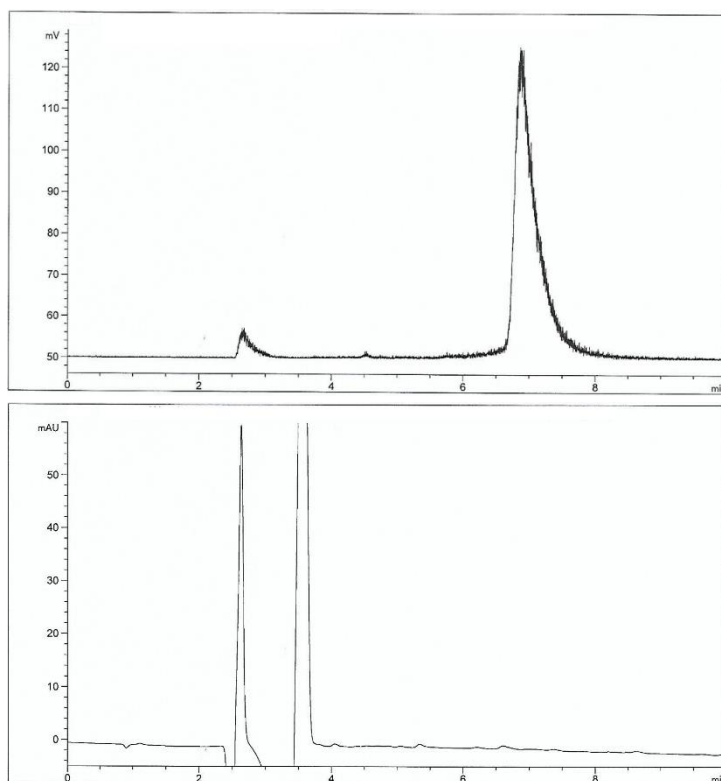

¹H NMR spectrum of **11A**

¹H NMR spectrum of **11B**

HPLC chromatograms of [^{64}Cu]3B

HPLC column: YMC-Pack C18, 4.6 × 250 mm, 5 µm
HPLC solvents: 75:25 water (0.1%TFA) ─ acetonitrile (0.1%TFA); flow rate: 1 mL/min
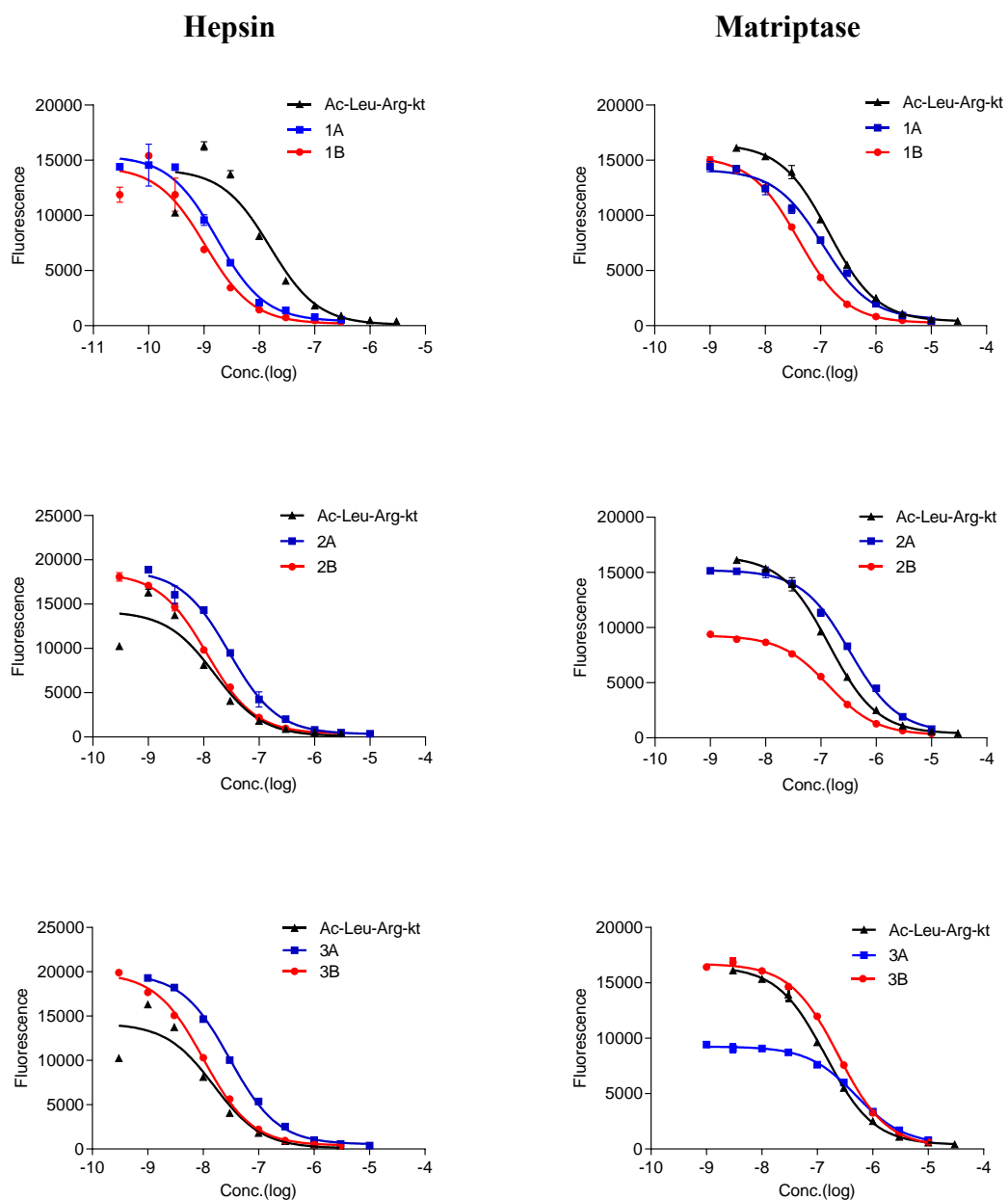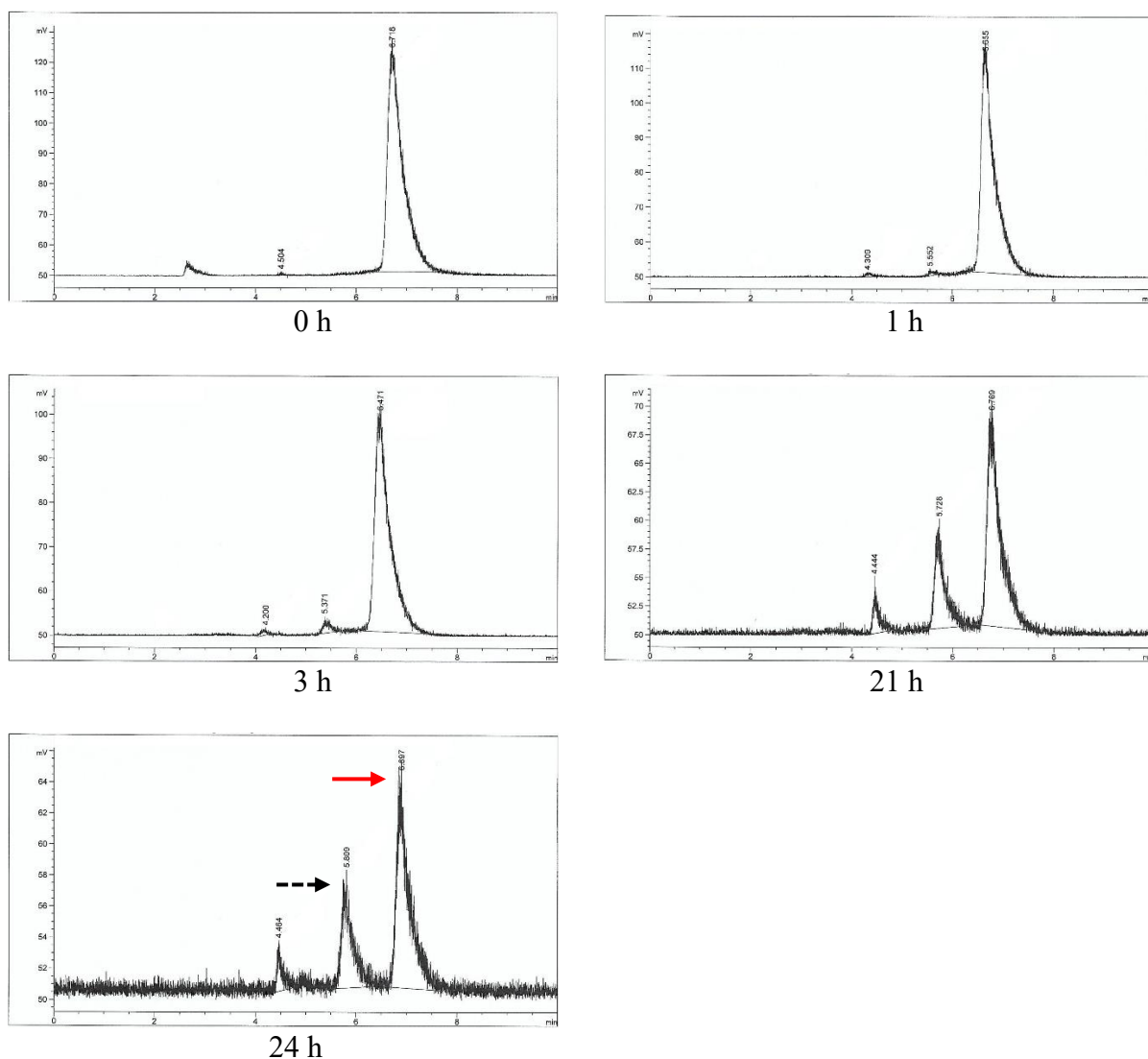Detection: Radioactivity detector (top) and UV detector (230 nm) (bottom)

Figure S1. IC$_{50}$ curves of all six ligands for hepsin (left) and matriptase (right).

0 h

1 h

3 h

21 h

24 h

[^{64}Cu]**3B** (red solid arrow); [^{64}Cu]**3A** (black dotted arrow)

HPLC column: YMC-Pack C18, 4.6 × 250 mm, 5 µm
HPLC solvents: 75:25 water (0.1%TFA) ─ acetonitrile (0.1%TFA)
Flow rate: 1 mL/min
Detection: Radioactivity detector

Figure S2. In vitro serum stability of [^{64}Cu]**3B**.